

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 5/26/2017 Revision date: 5/26/2017

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Product name : R NOVA Plus Primer

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Single component metal primer

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: SOPREMA INC. 310 Quadral Dr. Wadsworth, OH 44281 Tel: 1-800-356-3521

Distributors: SOPREMA Canada 1675 Haggerty Street

Drummondville (Quebec) J2C 5P7

Tel: 1-819-478-8163

SOPREMA Canada 44955 Yale Road West Chilliwack (BC) V2R 4H3

**CANADA** 

Tel: 1-604-793-7100

SOPREMA USA 12251 Seaway Road Gulfport (Mississippi) 39507 UNITED STATES

Tel: 1-228-701-1900

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC 1-800-434-9300 (Acct.# CCN20515). CANUTEC 1-613-996-6666

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (GHS-US)

Carcinogenicity- Cat 1A H350

Full text of H statements : see section 16

### 2.2. Label elements

## **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H350 – May cause cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P280 - Wear protective gloves, wear eye or face protection, wear protective clothing.

P332+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations

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#### 2.3. Other hazards

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including silica and titanium dioxide which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVER EXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%
Quartz	(CAS No) 14808-60-7	10- 25
Titanium Dioxide	(CAS No) 13463-67-7	5 - 10
Tetramethyl Decynediol	(CAS No) 126-86-3	0.1 – 0.3
Non-hazardous ingredients	N/A	64.7 – 84.9

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie. belt or waistband.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : No specific data.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : No specific data.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to first responders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

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Explosion hazard : No data available.
Reactivity : No data available.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a

fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Protection during firefighting : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No smoking.

### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation.

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in

Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency

personnel".
Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up – small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in a appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Methods for cleaning up – large spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Hygiene measures

Additional hazards when processed : No data available.

Precautions for safe handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain

special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty

containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating

areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : No data available.

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Storage conditions

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Incompatible products : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)			
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form total dust	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TLV (TWA) (ppm)	10 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
Quartz (14808-60-7)			
USA OSHA	Remark (US OSHA)	(3) See Table Z-3.	

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate enineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin and body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Other information

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid
Color : Off-white

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Odor : characteristic
Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 9
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : 0.09

Melting point: No data availableFreezing point: No data availableBoiling point: ≈ 100 °C (212°F)Flash point: < 93.3 °C (199.9°F)</td>Auto-ignition temperature: No data availableDecomposition temperature: No data availableFlammability (solid, gas): No data available

Vapor pressure : 0.31 kPa (2.333 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : 1.34

Specific Gravity : No data available
Solubility : No data available
Log Pow : No data available
Log Kow : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : Kinematic (room temperature): >0.205 cm2/s (>20.5 cSt)

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm2/s (>20.5 cSt)

Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidizing properties : No data available
Explosion limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 50 g/l

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No specific data.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin – Mild irritant	Human	72 hours 300 micrograms	
			intermittent	
Tetramethyl Decynediol	Eyes – Severe irritant	Rabbit	0.1 Mililiters	
	Skin – Mild irritant	Rabbit	0.2 0.5 grams	

## Sensitization

Not available

## Mutagenicity:

Not available

# Carcinogenicity

See table below

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Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-

## Reproductive toxicity:

Not available

## Teratogenicity:

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Tetramethyl Decynediol	Category 3	Not applicable	Respiratory tract irritation and
			narcotic effects

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Tetramethyl Decynediol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

### Aspiration hazard:

Not available

## Information on likely routes of exposure: Not available

#### Potential acute health effects:

Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards	

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	No specific data
Inhalation	No specific data
Skin contact	No specific data
Ingestion	No specific data

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available Potential delayed effects : Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available Potential delayed effects : Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Not available

General No known significant effects or critical hazards

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 > 1000000 μg/l Marine	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	water		

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not available

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#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Titanium Dioxide	-	352	low

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Effect on the global warming : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT, not regulated for transport.

### **Additional information**

### **Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IATA (air)	IMDG (sea)
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
Packing group	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
Environmental Hazards	No	No	No	No
Additional Information	Special provisions – Not applicable	Special provisions – Not applicable	Special provisions – Not applicable	Emergency schedules – Not applicable

### Special precautions for user:

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

## **CALIFORNIA PROP 65**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including silica and titanium dioxide which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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### 15.2. International regulations

**CANADA** 

## **EU-Regulations**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date : 5/26/17 Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases::

H350 May cause cancer

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

This SDS contains all the information required by ANSI Z400.1 standard (United States), by regulation 29 CFR Part 1910-1200 of the Hazard Communication Standard of OSHA and is in accordance with DORS/88-66 of WHMIS (Canada)

The best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy of completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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